

## WATCHES

When a watch is "keeping time" one dislikes the interference of a cleaning operation, fearing a lapse of accuracy will follow. Not so provided skilled hands are employed; besides, your watch may be ruining itself running on in a dirty condition. A watch, like all other machinery, needs cleaning regularly. If the time has arrived that your timepiece really deserves attention there is no need for postponement, because work entrusted to us will be

"RIGHTLY DONE"

**Challoner & Mitchell,**  
JEWELERS AND OPTICIANS.

## After We Have Caught



Your attention we want to hold it long enough to tell you that we have just received a choice shipment of CALIFORNIA NEW GRASS CREAMERY BUTTER that is unequalled in excellence and price.

NEW GRASS BUTTER, per lb. ....25c.  
NEW GRASS BUTTER, per square ....40c.  
NEW JAMS, 5 lb. pail .....50c.  
TABLE FRUITS, 3 lb. tin .....25c.  
SALAD DRESSING, bottle .....35c.

**DIXIE H. ROSS & CO.**

## "EUREKA"



Found amid the gladsome flowers of Easter! A perfectly shaped, perfectly fitting, well sewn and stylish shoe! The Shoe Emporium's Easter presentations of shoe successes are attracting deserved attention, and merit your consideration. We would be pleased to have you see our Spring stock of choice low cut and high cut shoes at low prices.

...THE...  
**Paterson Shoe Co., Ltd.,**  
Shoe Emporium,  
Corner Government and Johnson Sts.

## WALL PAPER SALE

Balance of last year's papers are selling at TWENTY PER CENT. DISCOUNT, OR FORTY TRADING STAMPS on the Dollar.

This is an opportunity to buy good papers at exceptionally low prices, for we MUST clear out all old stock to make shelf room for new goods, of which we have an immense stock, all at low prices.

**J. W. MELLOR,** 76 AND 78 FORT STREET, ABOVE DOUGLAS STREET

## SPRING

The Trade are invited to call and inspect our many and varied lines of Spring Goods, which we offer at prices that cannot be beaten.

**J. Piercy & Co.,**  
WHOLESALE DRYGOODS  
VICTORIA, B. C.

## NICHOLLES & RENOUF, LD

Poultry Netting, Garden Tools,  
Bone Mills, Lawn Mowers,  
Garden Barrows, Paints and Oils.

**NICHOLLES & RENOUF, LD.**

61 Yates Street, Victoria.

## TO-LET, THE STORE

Most Suitable For Fancy Goods,  
On Fort and Douglas Streets, lately known as the Royal Saloon. Apply  
**The B.C. Land and Investment Agency,**  
40 GOVERNMENT STREET.

## A Bargain Every Day

LOOK AT THESE  
A lot on Blinley Avenue, close to Fort, for \$400  
Lot and cottage, Second street, electric light and sewer connection... Cheap  
Lot and cottage, close in, only 1100  
Lot and cottage (new), close to car line, for 1450  
7 roomed house, with all modern improvements; choice location; big bargain... 1450  
Lot and cottage, Victoria West, for 750  
Choice cor. lot, with 8 roomed house, close in, at a price which is sure to suit you  
2 furnished houses to let.  
Money to loan. Fire and Life Insurance.  
**P. C. MACGREGOR & CO.,**  
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGTS.,  
NO. 2 VIEW STREET.

## Easter Bargains

We are offering, in addition to our numerous other bargains, THREE CHOICE BARGAINS for Easter.  
Two cottages and one building lot, all well situated.  
FIRST COME SECURES FIRST CHOICE.  
**F. G. Richards**  
Managing Director, Victoria Real Estate and Insurance Co., Ltd.,  
Corner Office of the MacGregor Block, Opposite Driford Hotel.

## LEE & FRASER,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENTS.  
FOR SALE  
James Bay, 5 roomed cottage, in first-class repair, hot and cold water, bath, etc., etc., large lot, \$1,500  
James Bay, nice cottage and 1/2 lots, cheap  
Off Cadboro Bay road, a lovely 5 roomed cottage and large lot, well arranged, and cheap at \$1,600  
A fine chance to secure a chicken ranch near the city, containing roughly four acres of cleared and fenced land, five roomed modern cottage, barn, stable and chicken houses, and young orchard; owner will sacrifice for \$1,100  
David street, a cheap cottage and large lot for \$700  
Third St. Work Estate, 6 roomed cottage, hot and cold water, brick and stone foundation, well built, 1,800  
North Park St., large lot, with double frontage  
Near Oak Bay Avenue, 6 roomed, 2 story house, well built, large lot and good barn 2,625  
TO RENT  
Lansdowne road, house and acre of land; rent per month  
Douglas street, good 2 story house  
Ritbit street, 5 roomed cottage  
Furnished house, Harrison street  
Mount Tomlin road, house and 1 acre  
Chatham street, 6 roomed house  
Furnished house, James Bay 35

## Fire Insurance

Agents for THE SCOTTISH UNION & NATIONAL INSURANCE CO., THE ATLAS ASSURANCE CO.  
**Houses and Lots For Sale**  
In all parts of the city, and farms and farming lands for sale in the country.  
**A. W. MORE & CO., LD.,**  
86 Government St., Next Bank of Montreal.

## UNEQUALLED FOR BREAKFAST

**TRADE MARK**  
**B&K**  
**REGISTERED**  
**ROLLED OATS**

The Brackman-Ker Milling Co., Ltd.

## J. & J. Taylor's FIRE PROOF SAFES

And Vault Doors.  
**J. BARNESLEY & CO., Agents,**  
Government St. Guns and Ammunition

## NOLTE

GLASSER ADJUSTED. 37. EYES TESTER FREE.  
FORT ST.



CHOICE OLD  
**GAELIC WHISKY**  
(8 YEARS OLD)  
In CASK and BOTTLE.

FROM  
**The Stirling Bonding Coy.,**  
STIRLING,  
SCOTLAND, N.B.  
ASK FOR "GAELIC" at your Wine Merchants.

**Hudson's Bay Co., Agents.**

## A Comprehensive Stock

of standard and desirable articles, all marked at quick selling prices.  
**HASTIE'S FAIR,**  
77 GOVERNMENT STREET.

## Beware of Packet Seeds.

**JOHNSTON SEEDS**  
DOES NO COMMISSION BUSINESS.  
Buy Your  
**JOHNSTON'S SEED STORE,**  
CITY MARKET.

## "Beauty of Hebron" and "Early Rose"

SEED POTATOES AT  
**Sylvester Seed Co., Ltd.,**  
TEL. 413. CITY MARKET.

## Choice Cactus Dahlias.

The best and finest collection in the province. Price \$1.50 to \$5.00 per dozen.  
**VICTORIA NURSERY,**  
244 Yates Street.  
**G. E. WILKERSON.**

## TO LET—Large and well lighted rooms

in the new building, 111 Government street, suitable for offices and sample rooms. Apply to John, Barnsley & Co.

## HOUDE'S STRAIGHT CUT CIGARETTES

MANUFACTURED BY  
**B. HOUDE & CO., QUEBEC**  
Are Better Than the Best.

## Agreement Reached

The Crow's Nest Company and C. P. R. Have Arrived at Settlement.

An Arrangement Which Will Effectually Prevent Any Monopoly in Coal.

It Will Probably Prove Acceptable to All Parties Concerned.

(Special to the Times.)  
Ottawa, April 10.—Representatives of the Crow's Nest Company and the Canadian Pacific are meeting here again today with a view of arriving at some settlement before the matter comes up again to-morrow at the railway committee.

Senator Cox, Eliza Rogers and E. T. Malone arrived this morning from Toronto. At noon to-day they said that nothing had been arrived at that could be given to the public.

Hon. A. G. Blair has been looking over the matter from a public standpoint, and will likely have something to say as to that to-morrow.

Reported Settlement.  
It is said that an agreement between the C. P. R. and the Crow's Nest Coal company has been reached whereby the C. P. R. will select at once its six sections of 3,800 acres, of coal lands, and that the government will select its 30,000 acres of coal lands, so that if the coal company attempted to form any monopoly in coal, then the railway company's lands and the government lands would be thrown open to the public, and in this way there would be no monopoly.

This arrangement is said to be satisfactory to both parties, and as it has the appearance of being in the public interest, will no doubt be satisfactory to the government, to the railway committee and to parliament.

The Senate Inquiry.  
The Cook investigation committee of the senate meets to-morrow to fix a date for hearing further evidence and argument of counsel.

Need Not Answer.  
There was a long sitting of the public accounts committee to-day to further examine W. G. Charlton, hardware merchant, Ottawa, in regard to his transactions with the government. The principal discussion was as to whether the witness should answer if he made any contributions to the campaign fund.

It was pointed out that on all previous occasions these questions were not answered, and that the decision of the committee was that they ought not to be answered.

This view was carried by the committee. The question was therefore overruled by 11 to 22.

Interviewing Ministers.  
Representatives of the Canadian Press Association are here to-day seeing Acting Postmaster-General Sutherland in respect to the working of the zone system, which is said not to be satisfactory at present. They will also have an interview with the minister of customs and the finance minister in respect to duty on paper and printing material.

Allen Labor Bill.  
Sir Wilfrid Laurier stated in the House to-day that the Allen Labor Bill had been referred to Ralph Smith and Pattice, M. P.'s before being introduced. Both members reserved the right to move amendments.

PLENTY OF MONEY?  
(Associated Press.)  
Bakelo, April 10.—The full amount and more of the \$500,000 loan, of the second mortgage of Pan-American Exposition bonds recently authorized by the legislature, has been underwritten and there is no doubt, if there ever has been, that the necessary money will be available for the completion of the work of the exposition company commenced two years ago and now so near its finish. Subscriptions were first called for on Saturday last, and this morning it was announced that they amounted to \$510,000.

## RUSSIANS DECORATED.

Cross of the Legion of Honor Presented to Three Naval Officers.  
(Associated Press.)  
Ville Franche, April 10.—President Loubet this morning paid his promised visit to the Russian squadron. He decorated Admiral Birleff and two of his officers with the Cross of the Legion of Honor. Admiral Birleff and his staff, contrary to usual usage, landed and conducted M. Loubet aboard the flagship. The whole squadron was dressed and manned. President Loubet embarked on the St. Louis and sailed for Toulon. The Russian bands played the Marseillaise and their crews cheered, and both French and Russian warships saluted. The Russian fleet will remain here for a week.

Waiting for the President.  
Toulon, April 10.—The town is filling up fast and is gay with flags and festoons of French and Italian colors. The Duke of Genoa visited the Mayor of Toulon this morning and was everywhere greeted with cheers.

Enormous crowds on the quays watched the arrival of the squadron escorting President Loubet.

Howard's Death  
Letter From Capt. Ross Tells How Commander of Scouts Died.

Howard and His Orderly Were Surrounded by Large Number of Boers, and After Being Robbed Were Brutally Shot Dead in Cold Blood.

(Associated Press.)  
Ottawa, April 10.—Capt. Charles Ross, the famous Canadian scout, who succeeded Major "Gat" Howard in command of the Canadian scouts, in a letter to Col. Sherwood, says Major Howard, accompanied by his orderly, was out reconnoitering when he was ambushed by 60 Boers, who, after depriving both of their arms, ammunition and valuables, brutally shot the two in cold blood.

This happened on the borders of Swaziland on February 17th.

Fire On a Steamer  
It is Feared Two Deck Hands Have Lost Their Lives.

Two Men Drowned—Their Bodies Were Found This Morning—Railway Appointments.

(Special to the Times.)  
Yanconver, April 10.—The steamer Royal City, owned by West Bros., caught fire at two o'clock this morning while lying near Mission Junction. It was burned to the water's edge and sank at four o'clock. It is feared two of the deckhands perished. The balance of the crew narrowly escaped. The origin of the fire is unknown. The loss is partly covered by insurance.

The bodies of two men were found floating this morning, one at the mouth of the Fraser river, and the other in False Creek. The first was that of Duncan Rowan, of Terra Nova, who disappeared in December, and is supposed to have walked off the wharf during a snowstorm. The other body was that of James Dean, logger, who had evidently fallen off the wharf at the Royal City mills, having been missed since April 1st. Both men had lived on the coast for years.

E. J. Duchesnay has been appointed assistant general superintendent of the Pacific division of the C. P. R., with office for the present at Revelstoke. Thos. Kilpatrick is appointed acting superintendent of the Mountain and Shuswap sections; General Superintendent Marpole leaves for Montreal on Friday.

W. H. Malkin, a well known commission merchant, was married to-day to Miss Marian Duggall.

ANOTHER IRON WORK DEAL  
(Associated Press.)  
Denver, Colo., April 10.—The reported purchase of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company by John W. Gates, John Lambert and I. L. Ellwood, independent of the United States Steel Corporation, received additional confirmation yesterday. The following telegram has been received from Gates: "I, L. Ellwood, John Lambert and myself now own the Colorado Fuel and Iron Co. We will add to our present works in Colorado 20 tin plate mills, two rod mills and two blast furnaces. We met Garrett yesterday and arranged for immediate erection of rod mills under his patent."

## Guardian Sold Girls

Sale of Gypsies at Momenca, Kankakee County, Led to Serious Trouble.

Indignant Citizens Made Threats of Lynching and Drove Band From the Town.

Greeks Attack Four Men, Who Were Alleged to Have Swindled Them.

(Associated Press.)  
Chicago, April 10.—A special to the Tribune from Kankakee, Ill., says: "The sale of two girls, members of a gypsy band at Momenca, this county, yesterday, brought on a riot that for a time threatened serious results. So angry were the citizens over the traffic that a mob was formed which drove the gypsy band from town."

The deal which caused all the trouble was the sale of Juanita Costello and Margot Cash, 16 and 17 years old, to their guardian, Nicholas Karopkin, a Russian, to a Brazilian, also a member of the band, the price paid being \$800. The girls refused to recognize the sale, and threatened their prospective master. The Brazilian then swore out a warrant for Karopkin, charging him with obtaining money by false pretences.

A squad of police was found necessary to secure the Russian, who drew a revolver on the officers. The failure to secure an interpreter made it impossible to get evidence against the prisoner, and he was discharged. During the trial before Magistrate Lloyd the mob gathered, threats of lynching and of tar and feathers being made. The gypsies hastily packed up their belongings and fled."

Rescued by Police.  
Chicago, April 10.—Three hundred angry Greeks, many of them armed with knives and revolvers, besieged four men in a building at No. 247 West Polk street for several hours last night. Stones were hurled through the windows and other damage done. When the police arrived it was with difficulty they could force their way into the house to rescue the four men who, it is alleged, embezzled \$2,000 belonging to the members of the infuriated crowd outside.

At the station it was learned the two men were John Papadopoulos, and his two sons and Theodoris Malaran. It is charged the men secured \$10 each from about 300 other Greeks to pay transportation to a point on the line of the Union Pacific road, where the men were to have work at wages of \$1.75 per day. Gep Papadopoulos, sent to buy the tickets, disappeared, and the riot occurred.

PORTO RICO SITUATION.  
Governor Allen Denies Statement in Petition to President McKinley.

(Associated Press.)  
New York, April 10.—Governor Chase, Allen, Porto Rico, is quoted in a Washington dispatch to the Herald as denying the accuracy of statements appearing in the petition said to be from workmen of Porto Rico, asking the President for work, and asserting that the inhabitants of the island are at the point of starvation.

He said the facts will show that more persons are employed in Porto Rico today than ever before, except when government relief work was at its height.

SIX YEARS.  
Sentence on Official Who Tried to Kill a Privy Councillor.

(Associated Press.)  
London, April 10.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg announces that Lagowski, the provincial official who recently attempted to assassinate Privy Councillor Pobiedonostzoff, procurator general of the holy synod, has been sentenced to six years' penal servitude, with deprivation of civil rights.

IF APPEARED DANGEROUS.  
Armed Macedonian Arrested at Entrance to Bulgarian Chamber of Deputies.

(Associated Press.)  
Sofia, April 10.—A Macedonian, armed with a revolver and a yataghan, was arrested yesterday at the entrance to the Saborjanje. The president of the Saborjanje has received letters threatening to blow up the chamber of deputies with a bomb.

THE RHINE RISING.  
(Associated Press.)  
Berlin, April 10.—The river Rhine has risen considerably above the normal stage. It is announced that at Coblenz yesterday the river rose to 18 feet and that the Swiss border villages are flooded and the people have fled.

DR. YOUMANS DEAD.  
(Associated Press.)  
New York, April 10.—Dr. Wm. Youmans, for many years editor of the Popular Science Monthly, to-day died at his home in Mount Vernon, N. Y., a suburb of this city, of typhoid fever.

SIFTON MURDER TRIAL.  
(Associated Press.)  
London, April 10.—The Sifton murder case opened before Chief Justice Sir Ralph Meredith this afternoon.



Campbell's Prescription Store

We keep the largest stock of Drugs and Toilet Articles in the province. Prescriptions promptly and carefully executed.

A Plea For Unity

Loubet Says Private Interests Must Be Subordinate to Interests of Nation.

Return of Russian Fleet Causes Joy Among Citizens of Paris

Nice, April 9.—President Loubet, replying to the toast of his health at a banquet to-night, asserted that the principles of justice, solidarity and good will were the foundations of the republic and its reparable to France.

He said the country needed unity and concord, and that the conflicts of the interests and the country's increasing wants would end in compromising the future of the nation unless steps were taken to ameliorate social conditions. Solidarity and civil peace could not be secured except by reciprocal sacrifices.

Continuing, President Loubet said that private interests must be subordinate to the greater interests of the nation, and that the republic had already shown in its legislation an appreciation of the necessities of the laboring democracy. Legislation alone will be insufficient, but the give and take principle must become part of the conscience of the nation. Thus only could the country weld its unity and assure its moral grandeur and material prosperity.

President Loubet's speech was loudly applauded.

It appears that Admiral Birtleff yesterday disembarked at Barcelona, and was summoned to the Russian legation at Madrid, where a dispatch from the czar was communicated to him, instructing the admiral to return to the Riviera and salute President Loubet. Admiral Birtleff immediately telegraphed to Barcelona, ordering the Russian squadron to get up steam, and on his return there at 7 o'clock yesterday evening, the squadron sailed for Ville Franche, which almost immediately left, and where the Russian ships will be able to participate in the ceremony of the embarkation and departure of President Loubet for Toulon, without the Russian warships' presence constituting a political share of the Franco-Italian demonstration.

Hearty Reception. Toulon, April 9.—The Duke of Genoa, in command of the Italian fleet, repaid to-day Vice-President DeBeaumont's visit of yesterday. Both the French and Italian warships saluted while the Duke was going ashore, and everywhere he met with the heartiest reception from the crowd.

Joy in Paris.

Paris, April 9.—The unexpected return of the Russian squadron dwarfed in importance all other events in the programme at Nice to-day. The news is on the lips of everyone's tongue in Paris and joy is expressed by both the public and the press. The intensity of this gratification shows that great numbers of Frenchmen had treated with skepticism the explanation that the withdrawal of the squadron was simply due to a desire not to be politically identified with the Franco-Italian demonstrations. A section of the Nationalist press have carefully fostered this impression, pursuing a policy of seizing upon every possible opportunity to embarrass the government. The organs had asserted that the departure of the Russians implied dissatisfaction on the part of Emperor Nicholas with the Franco-Italian rapprochement and heralded the breakup of the Franco-Russian alliance. A broadening feeling of uncertainty was thus created, which broke like a spell before the happy tidings of the return of the Russian squadron to Ville Franche, and was transformed into expressions of exultant gladness.

Inquiry in official quarters regarding the explanation of the return of the Russian squadron left Toulon for the reason assigned at the time, and called to the Associated Press, namely, that it was never intended that the whole Russian squadron should remain there during the Franco-Italian festivities, as the presence of a third party might tend to check the expansion of feeling, but that the Russian government had not anticipated such an unfavorable effect, as was created by the withdrawal, or such comments as appeared in a section of the foreign press and in the Nationalist organs in France.

"These comments, misrepresenting the incident as indicating coolness between France and Russia," said a high official, "made a great impression upon the Russian government and resulted in a decision to recall the squadron to Nice in order to settle the false rumors."

STEEL RAILS.

Dominion Government Has Made Contract With Sault Ste. Marie Company.

Ottawa, April 9.—In supply in the House on the item of half a million for steel rails for the Intercolonial railway, Hon. A. G. Blair said the government had made a contract with the Sault Ste. Marie Company for 25,000 tons at \$32.50 per ton. "The company desired this contract as a basis for inviting the investment of capital in the enterprise. The government asked a five-year contract. The company was not willing to give

this, but had reached an understanding to buy rails for the Intercolonial from the company as long as it furnished a standard quality at prices current in the British market.

THE GENERAL'S BIRTHDAY.

London, April 10.—Gen. Booth, of the Salvation Army, to-day is celebrating his 72nd birthday by attending a series of meetings and receiving the congratulations of the "force." Telegrams from all parts of the world are coming in. The general is in good health.

Anxious For Discussion

Japanese Press Urge That Manchurian Question Be Brought Before Ministers.

Russia Has Separate Agreements With Provinces Which Remain in Force.

St. Petersburg, April 9.—The Novoye Vremya avers that Russia has now no cause for uneasiness regarding Manchuria. She possesses separate agreements with the government of each of the three provinces which remain in force. In the future, if China desires her former position restored at any time she can sign the treaty in her possession. In the meantime, the St. Petersburg Zeitung says Russia is free to act in Manchuria for the preservation of order as her judgment directs.

Japanese Attitude.

Yokohama, April 9.—The dissatisfaction of Japan with Russia is not in regard to the Manchurian agreement, the leading papers here affirm, but with Russia's action in Manchuria. Hence, Japan declines, according to an important section of the press, to consider the abandonment of the agreement as a final settlement of the Manchurian question. It is urged that this question should be brought before a conference of ministers, like the other Chinese questions.

Indemnity Question.

Washington, April 9.—The cabinet to-day gave some attention to the subject of indemnity to be required of China, it being brought forward by Secretary Hay in connection with Mr. Beckwith's despatches received since the last meeting. Great surprise was expressed at the enormous total of the claims, which, according to ministers at Pekin, approximate the vast sum of half a billion dollars. Moreover, at least one of the powers insists on keeping the account open until it elects to withdraw from Pekin at a remote date to be fixed at its own will, thereby having the total of its claim increased greatly hereafter. The opinion of other cabinet officers is completely in accord with that of Secretary Hay as to the desirability of securing a reduction of the claims.

An Agreement.

Berlin, April 9.—Dr. Stuebel, director of the colonial department of the German foreign office, and at one time German consul at Shanghai, who recently went to London on a special mission connected with the question of Chinese indemnity, has returned to Berlin. He reports that the negotiations in London regarding the fixing of a modus on Chinese indemnity were successful, and resulted in a mutual agreement.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription Doubles a Mother's Joys and Halves Her Sorrows.

It does this by a pre-natal preparation in which the mother finds herself growing stronger instead of weaker with each month. Instead of nausea and nervousness, there are healthy appetite, quiet nerves, and refreshing sleep. The mind's content keeps pace with the body's comfort. There is no anxiety, no dread of the approaching time of travail. When the birth hour comes it is practically painless, the recovery is rapid, and the mother finds herself abundantly able to nurse her child.

"Favorite Prescription" contains no alcohol, neither opium, cocaine, nor any other narcotic.

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter free of charge, and so obtain without cost the advice of a specialist in the diseases peculiar to women. All correspondence strictly private and sacredly confidential. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Mrs. Annie Backer, 65 Catherine Street, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "Your medicines have done wonders for me. For years my health was very poor; I had four miscarriages, but since taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Golden Medical Discovery' I have much better health, and now I have a fine healthy baby. I have recommended your medicines to several of my friends and they have benefited by them."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure dizziness and sick headache.

Sixty Boers Captured

By Planer When He Occupied the Town of Pietersburg, Transvaal.

Strathcona Officers Promoted To Investigate Foreigners' Claims for Damages.

London, April 9.—The Gazette to-day announces the names of the members of the foreign office commission appointed to investigate the claims for damages of foreigners deported from South Africa. Foreign governments may be represented at the sittings of the commission if they so desire.

The following promoters of officers of Strathcona's Horse were also announced by the Gazette: Capt. D. M. Howard and G. M. Cameron to be majors; Lieut. D. M. Courtney and J. J. MacDonald to be captains.

Planer in occupying Pietersburg captured 60 prisoners and a seven pounder and destroyed 210 cartridges and 1,000 rounds of seven pounder ammunition.

Plague at Capetown.

Capetown, April 9.—Five fresh cases of bubonic plague have occurred here, one of which is a soldier.

Kruger's Visit to States.

Paris, April 9.—La Rappel, which has already published several remarkable statements as to the plans of Mr. Kruger, displays the following dispatch from The Hague this morning:

"Mr. Kruger's departure for the United States has been fixed for May 13th. He will lecture in Tammany hall about June 5th as the guest of the Democratic party."

Going to the Cape.

Montreal, April 9.—T. H. Underwood, formerly Canadian Pacific employee of this city, and well known in Canadian and United States railway circles, has been appointed to the important position of traffic and dock manager for the Cape Colony government at Capetown.

BRITISH MISSION IN BERLIN.

Berlin, April 9.—The British special mission to announce the death of Queen Victoria and the accession of King Edward was received by Emperor William to-day. The ceremony of conducting the mission to the palace was imposing. The Emperor sent to fetch them three elaborate court carriages with gorgeously liveried coachmen and lackies, the first time such an honor has been paid an ambassador. The military detachment which escorted the mission was of the regiment of which the late Queen Victoria was honorary colonel.

The police were much in evidence, and kept the streets clear of people a hundred yards above and below the Hotel Bristol and half way across Unter den Linden, but the commissioners did not wholly escape anti-British demonstrations. There were shouts of "Down with the English" outside the hotel in spite of the strong police force on duty in its vicinity.

INTERESTING TO FARMERS.

Invited to Give Particulars Regarding Feeding of Dairy Herds.

The attention of Canadian farmers interested in the development of Canada's greatest industrial factor, the dairy herd, is drawn to the following letter, recently sent out to a few farmers in each province of the Dominion:

Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa.

Dear Sir:—Your name has been handed to me as that of a farmer who is particularly interested in the production of milk. It is a well known fact that the great majority of dairy herds, if we may judge by cash returns alone, are losing investments. It is, however, certain that this need not be the case if sufficient care and intelligence are exercised in selecting and feeding the cows intended for milk production. So, in order to be able to work more effectively toward improvement along this line, I am desirous of securing some exact information as to the methods of feeding followed in different parts of Canada. I should, therefore, be much indebted to you if you would write me briefly upon the following points:

- 1. Kind and quantity of roughage ration fed to your milking cows in winter.
2. Kind and quantity of grain fed your milking cows in (a) summer, (b) winter.
3. Quantity of milk yielded per cow yearly.
4. Do you use pure bred bulls? What breed?
5. What use do you make of by-products (whey, etc.), if you have any?
Would you care to carry on a simple dairy herd test during 1901 in conjunction with dairymen in different parts of Canada and us here? The only expense would be a spring balance for weighing the milk. We would furnish you with blanks each month for keeping the records. If Canadian dairymen are to raise the average yield of their herds and make a profit it must be by first finding out what their individual cows are doing. If the cow is not paying her keep and leaving a good profit for the dairymen, either the cow is no good or the dairymen is not feeding her properly. If you are really interested in the dairy business and care to go into a co-operative test as mentioned above I should be pleased to send you further particulars re the same. In any case, I should like to hear from you on the aforementioned points.

Yours very truly, J. H. GRINDALE, Agricultural Expert.

The replies elicited by this letter were of such a character as to indicate the advisability of making the matter more public. With such an end in view, the foregoing is given for publication. It is hoped that many dairy farmers may see the importance and necessity of keeping such records as are suggested, and that they may think it advisable to join in this co-operative dairy herd record test.

Any farmer interested may obtain full particulars by addressing "The Agricultural, Experimental Farm, Ottawa." All letters so address are carried post free.

TUMOROUS GROWTHS.

Any lump or tumor is liable to become cancerous and endanger life, if neglected. Tumors and cancerous growths completely disappear after treatment with our new plaster and dangerous operations, send 2 stamps to Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont., for full particulars.

Communication between Bangor and points east of Ottawa were cut off by bad washouts on the Maine Central railroad and trains from St. John were sent around over the C. P. R. and the Bangor & Aroostook. Two additional washouts were reported yesterday.

Negotiations are now on for the consolidation of all the sewer pipe manufacturers into one corporation, with a capital of \$12,200,000.

Short and Business-Like

City Council Introduced Something of an Innovation at Last Night's Session.

Finished in Less Than an Hour—Report Regarding Government Street Paving.

The city council went in for record breaking last night, and disposed of the business in little more than an hour. The proceedings commenced shortly before 8.30, and by the time half-past nine had struck the last word had been spoken and the janitor glanced significantly and cheerfully toward the lights. Before ten o'clock the council chamber was plunged in darkness, while on other occasions the chiming of that hour by the town clock would be a musical accompaniment to the sound of debate as the seldoms transacted the business of the city.

After the ordinary preliminaries communications were dealt with. The first was from A. McLean, hon. secretary of the Fifth Regiment Cricket Club, requesting the use of that portion of the Beacon Hill recreation grounds formerly used by the Albion Cricket Club, for the coming season. The request was granted.

H. D. Holmcken, K. C. M. P., enclosed several copies of the School Act which stands ready for report. The writer stated that any recommendations which the council desired to make would receive due consideration. Referred to the legislative committee.

A. P. Laxton, as part owner of the land to be assessed for the widening of Menzies street, petitioned against such assessment, as the proposed work would not be of more benefit to his property than that of contiguous streets. Referred to the city engineer for report.

The city engineer and assessor reported regarding the paving of Government street. The total cost of the work is estimated at \$24,575, and the amount is assessed to the city and the property immediately benefited. The British Columbia Electric Traction Company is to pay all extra cost entailed by the existence of car tracks. A schedule of the proportions of assessment was annexed to the report.

This provoked considerable discussion, Ald. Stewart moving the adoption of the report. Ald. Beckwith wanted it referred to the table and a committee appointed to act in conjunction with the city engineer to interview the property owners on Government street and arrive at some plan satisfactory to all. The entire council participated in the discussion, and the report was adopted, and ultimately Ald. Beckwith's amendment was carried. The committee which will report at the next meeting of the council was appointed as follows: Ald. Beckwith, Yates and Hall.

The water commissioner and purchasing agent recommended acceptance of the tender of R. P. Ribbet & Co. for pig-lead at 3 1/2 cents per pound. Adopted.

Mrs. William Powell and nineteen other residents of St. Louis street petitioned for a surface drain on that street, repairs to the road and the construction of a fire-alarm box. Referred to the city engineer for report.

The special committee recommended that the tender for arc-globes of the Hinton Electric Company of \$149.75 per gross be accepted. The other tender was \$15 per dozen, from the Canadian Electric Company. The committee recommended that the tender of the latter company for carbons be accepted. The report was adopted.

James L. Raynes, water commissioner, recommended that 250 feet of two-inch pipe be laid on 14th street to give facilities to a residence there. Adopted.

A petition was read from W. T. Walkers and four others on Hereward street, Victoria West, for facilities for water supply. Their wells had been condemned and filled by the city officials, and the Esplanade water works refused to supply them with water unless they laid a main from the old Esplanade road, which would cost \$150. Referred to the city solicitor for report.

The standing committee on finance recommended the appropriation of \$1,592.90 for current expenses. Adopted.

This finished the business before the council, but before an adjournment was taken Ald. Yates asked that some other night than Thursday be decided upon for the fire inquiry, suggesting Friday.

The mayor pointed out, however, that the school teachers had been granted the use of the council chamber that night, and finally it was decided to hold the inquiry on Tuesday. Ald. Cameron also drew attention to a matter requiring remedying, at James Bay, after which the council adjourned at the very exemplary hour of nine-thirty, carrying with them the beneficiaries of the Scribes, Pharisees and other gratified mortals.

SOME MARRIAGE DANGERS.

It will astonish many people to be told that a marriage contracted in England between an Englishwoman and a Frenchman, even if solemnized in a church here, is not necessarily binding unless the specific formalities demanded by the French law have been complied with by the husband.

The English marriage binds the wife, at least in England; but the Frenchman may, should he desire to do so, release himself from all obligations by returning to his own land, where, should he not have complied with the requirements of the French code, he is in a position to make another marriage which shall be lawful—the contract with the Englishwoman being null and void.

Under such circumstances it may be useful to explain what the French code demands of Frenchmen who wish to contract legal marriages with natives of another country.

First, should a Frenchman be under the age of twenty-five, he must obtain the consent of his parents in a document signed before a notary public. Unless he obtains this consent he cannot contract a legal marriage at all.

Should he wish to marry between the ages of twenty-five and thirty, he must still ask the consent of his parents by making what is called the "acte respectueux" three times at stated intervals. After he is thirty he must still repeat the request for parental permission to marry; but need only wait one month before contracting a marriage.

Nor is the matter entirely disposed of so. The bans must be published; first in the town hall nearest to the place in which he may be living, if in France, or at the nearest French consulate

CASCADE OIL COMPANY. Capital Stock, \$500,000. 250,000 Shares of Treasury Stock. A limited number of shares of which are now offered at Fifteen Cents per share, subject to advance without notice. Our Motto: A Square Deal and No Misrepresentation.

Large Fortunes Have and will be Made in Oil Investments. Example of What Large Profits There Are in Oil: The Home Company, of California, own one well flowing out 800 barrels per day. There are 100 shares at \$100 par in the Company, and a share is quoted at about \$65,000.

A Chance for People of Limited Means. Fifty Shares and Upwards at Fifteen Cents. Apply B. H. HURST & Co., 35 FORT STREET, Or at James A. Bagg, Sec'y, 124 Pike Street, Seattle.

MARRY AND LIVE LONG. Celebrates Die Soon, Says a German Medical Statistician. A German doctor, named Prinzling, has been at great pains to prove, in the Allgemeine Statistisches Archiv, that marriage is distinctly conducive to long life in man.

HOW TO VENTILATE A ROOM. But in spite of this constant danger, by natural renewal from outside, it is a good idea to give a quick and complete change once a day to the air of living rooms, smoking rooms, bedrooms and dining rooms. This is best effected by opening windows that will make a direct draft—keeping in mind that a few minutes only are required to accomplish the purpose.

WANTED—Furnished rooms. Address P. O. Box 406. WANTED—A waitress. Apply Victoria Cafe, 51 Fort street. WANTED—Ten girls, at Victoria Steam Laundry, 152 Yates street.

WANTED—Trustworthy men and women to travel and advertise for old established house of solid financial standing. Salary \$750 a year and expenses, all payable in cash. No canvassing required. Give references and enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Address Manager, 365 Caxton Bldg., Chicago.

FOR SALE—Lots on Beloit street, 3500. LOT on Harrison street, near Yates, 3500. LOTS in Work Estate, from 1200. ACRE LOT, Esplanade road, \$1,200. LOTS on Fernwood road, \$500. CHOICE ACRE PROPERTY, Fourth street extension. GOVTGATE on King's road, \$1,200. HEISTERMAN & CO., 75 Government St.

FOR SALE—An appropriation of \$4,000—four shares of \$1,000 each—in the Victoria Building Society; will be sold singly if required. Apply to W. Marcant, appraiser's office. FOR SALE—"Oak Farm," Lake District, 6 miles from Victoria, on West Saanich road, comprising 51 acres, nearly all cultivated and good holding. For further particulars apply to John Black, on premises.

TO LET—Office, fine position, in Trounce Alley, large front. E. C. B. Hagshaw, 15 Trounce Ave. TO LET—Furnished rooms; modern conveniences. Apply 71 Blanchard street. TO LET—House, Michigan street, 30. Heisterman & Co., 75 Government street.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

- BUILDER & GENERAL CONTRACTOR THOMAS GATTHERALL—18 Broad street. Alterations, office fittings, warren repairs, etc. Telephone B 371. BRICKLAYING, Cement and Tile Work, Jobbing, Plastering and Repairs a specialty. Bangor and Grates set. R. Hollis, 175 Fort street. DRESSMAKING. DRESSMAKING—Mrs. Russell has resumed business at corner Fort and Vancouver streets. Orders promptly executed at moderate prices. Evening work a specialty. ENGINEERS, FOUNDERS, ETC. MARINE IRON WORKS—Andrew Gray, Engineers, Founders, Boiler Makers, Steamfitters, etc., near Store street. Works telephone 681, residence telephone 100. ENGRAVERS. HALF TONES—Equal to any made anywhere. Will send to cities out of the Province who refer Fort and Vancouver papers in the Province? Work guaranteed; prices satisfactory. The B. C. Photo-Engraving Co., No. 20 Broad St., Victoria, B. C. BUSINESS MEN who use printers' ink need Engravings. Nothing so effective as Engravings. Engraving wanted in this line made by the B. C. Photo-Engraving Co., 20 Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Cuts for catalogues a specialty. PHOTO-ENGRAVING CO., 20 Broad street, up-stairs. Half-Tones and Zinc Etchings. EDUCATIONAL. EDUCATIONAL—Miss G. U. Fox has reopened her school at 36 Mason street. MISS FOX has resumed music teaching. Address 95 Mason street. SHORTHAND SCHOOL, 15 Broad street. Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping taught. HAIRDRESSERS. MR. AND MRS. C. KOSCHE, ladies' hairdressers and wig makers; combings made up in any style; theatrical and masquerade wigs to let. 55 Douglas street. HOTELS. OCCIDENTAL HOTEL: corner Wharf and Johnson streets; Geo. J. Dunn, proprietor. Rates, \$1.00 to \$1.50 per day; special weekly rates. Buss's Ale on draught. LAUNDRIES. VICTORIA STEAM LAUNDRY—Charges moderate, white labor only. 152 Yates street. Telephone 172. MESSENGER SERVICE. ANYONE requiring a messenger by telephone 400, E. O. District Telegraph & Delivery Co., 74 Douglas street. PIANO TUNING, ETC. PHONE 111—JESSE A. LONGFIELD (from Hopkinson's, England), tunes and repairs Pianos, Harmoniums, American Organs, Pipe Organs, etc., on reasonable terms. Prompt attention given to all orders. 248 Cook St., opposite St. Barnabas Church, Victoria, B. C. PLUMBERS AND GAS FITTERS. A. & W. WILSON, Plumbers and Gas Fitters, Bell Hangers and Steamfitters; Dealers in the best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc.; shipping supplied at lowest rates. 126 Douglas street, Victoria, B.C. Telephone call 126. JOHN COLBERT, 4 Broad street, plumber, gas, steam and hot water fitter, ship's plumbing, etc. Tel. 532. P. O. Box 545. SAILMAKER. VICTORIA TENT AND AWNING FACTORY, Cor. Bastion Square and Wharf Street, store awnings, tents, bags, etc.; waterproof tarpaulins. Window awnings from \$1.50 up, and tents to rent. Call and examine goods and get prices. SHOE REPAIRING. OLD COUNTRY BOOT STORE, 91 Johnson street. Special attention given to repair work; only best material used. WANTS. WANTED—Furnished rooms. Address P. O. Box 406. WANTED—A waitress. Apply Victoria Cafe, 51 Fort street. WANTED—Ten girls, at Victoria Steam Laundry, 152 Yates street. HORSE WANTED—Young horse for delivery; medium size. Apply 80 1/2 Douglas St. WANTED—One first-class sheet iron work. Apply at Albion Iron Works Office, Pembroke street. MEN AND WOMEN WANTED to work at home; good wages. Write Glasgow Woolen Company, Department C, Toronto. WANTED—Trustworthy men and women to travel and advertise for old established house of solid financial standing. Salary \$750 a year and expenses, all payable in cash. No canvassing required. Give references and enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Address Manager, 365 Caxton Bldg., Chicago. FOR SALE. FOR SALE—Lots on Beloit street, 3500. LOT on Harrison street, near Yates, 3500. LOTS in Work Estate, from 1200. ACRE LOT, Esplanade road, \$1,200. LOTS on Fernwood road, \$500. CHOICE ACRE PROPERTY, Fourth street extension. GOVTGATE on King's road, \$1,200. HEISTERMAN & CO., 75 Government St. FOR SALE—An appropriation of \$4,000—four shares of \$1,000 each—in the Victoria Building Society; will be sold singly if required. Apply to W. Marcant, appraiser's office. FOR SALE—"Oak Farm," Lake District, 6 miles from Victoria, on West Saanich road, comprising 51 acres, nearly all cultivated and good holding. For further particulars apply to John Black, on premises. TO LET. TO LET—Office, fine position, in Trounce Alley, large front. E. C. B. Hagshaw, 15 Trounce Ave. TO LET—Furnished rooms; modern conveniences. Apply 71 Blanchard street. TO LET—House, Michigan street, 30. Heisterman & Co., 75 Government street.

# The Royal Commission

### Concluded Its Work in Victoria Last Evening—Several Witnesses Examined.

### Statistical Evidence By Postmaster, City Official and Trades and Labor Secretary.

The Royal commission, inquiring into the subject of Chinese and Japanese immigration, finished their Victoria session last night at 6.30 o'clock, and adjourned to resume their labors at Nanaimo. Their inquiry in this city has been exhaustive, embracing the multifarious callings represented here, and has been conducted in a courteous and highly creditable manner. As president of the commission, Mr. Clute has guided the proceedings most impartially, while he has been ably assisted by the gentlemen associated with him.

The first witness yesterday afternoon was E. C. Smith, assistant city treasurer, who stated that the amount of revenue collected from the Chinese last year was \$2,385, while the road tax collections amounted to \$882. Trades licenses were collected to the amount of \$2,882.50, and \$539 additional for peddlers licenses. Water rentals were collected from them amounting to \$4,400, and sewer rents \$92. The taxes of

The assessed property in the name of Chinese were \$9,414.80. From the Japanese, trade licenses amounting to \$145 were collected; revenue tax, \$162; and road tax, \$18.

From the white people, trade licenses to the amount of \$14,000 were collected, exclusive of liquor licenses, which amounted to \$17,000.

The president of the commission expressed his disappointment that evidence had not been submitted by the city officials as to the assessed value of real estate owned by Chinese in this city, and reminded Mr. Bradburn that he had promised to secure this statement. The latter stated that he would do so, and submit it as soon as possible.

The next witness was Noah Shakespeare, postmaster, who submitted the following statement:

Sir:—In reply to yours of the 2nd inst. I beg to state that the number and amount of money orders purchased by Japanese in Japan, from 1st March, 1900, to 28th February, 1901, is as follows: No. of orders, 4,758; amount of orders, \$133,914.98. In one mail, dispatched Sept. 12th, 1900, the amount of orders on Japan was \$22,668.56. The Chinese do not send money to China by money orders, but purchase drafts and send them by registered letters. There were 5,040 registered letters posted by Chinese and addressed to places in China from March 1st, 1900, to February 28th, 1901.

N. SHAKESPEARE, Postmaster.

Continuing, the witness said that the Chinese did little business through the post office, most of it being transacted through banks. He considered the

presence of Chinese objectionable

from moral, sanitary and competitive standpoints. Twenty-two years ago he had reported on the manner in which the Chinese grew their vegetables, and he believed that a great deal of sickness among the white people was due to the quality of the vegetables eaten by them. The white people could certainly not compete with the Chinese in growing vegetables, owing to the manner of living and method of work of the latter.

He mentioned that when white men embarked in the vegetable business they were compelled to discontinue owing to lack of patronage, a great proportion of which was bestowed on Chinese. Another element of danger in the presence of the Chinese here was the temptations to young men in the vicinity maintained by them in their quarters.

In reply to the Commissioner Munn, he said that the Chinese introduced the opium vice here. He had seen boys frequent Chinese gambling houses.

The next witness was Capt. Berkeley, formerly of the Royal Navy but now rancher, postmaster and "half a dozen other things," as he put it, at Westholme. He had been engaged in farming and improving land there fourteen years. He

engaged Chinese very seldom, giving the Japanese the preference. He employed Chinese domestics. The Chinese, he did not believe, were superabundant, and he thought it would be better if there were more. He favored cheap labor as an essentially, regardless of color.

In clearing his land he was assisted by a Japanese. He and his son had large farms at Westholme, and after clearing the first he commenced clearing his second, situated by a Japanese, whom he paid \$100 per month.

The captain then described graphically the nature of their work, and eulogized the Japanese as splendid at land clearing. Three of his neighbors agreed with him that the presence of Orientals instead of diminishing the price of labor would tend to maintain it. If there was a large population of white men here the wages would ultimately go down.

The Chinese wage could not go lower, and the white men would not work for the rate paid Chinese. He had served Her Majesty for thirty years, and was now serving his country by pulling stumps.

Mr. Clute—Rather a rough broadside, is it not?

Answer—"Oh, yes, but it keeps the devil out of one's mind."

To Commissioner Foley he said he did not think white men were kept out of employment by Chinese, as

White Cheap Labor Was Scarce.

The Chinese were cleanly as far as their persons were concerned, but they had no regard for sanitation.

In reply to Commissioner Munn he said that the Japanese were better men to set a farm than Chinese, and equal to white men. As he would not, however, pay them as much as white men. As to vegetable raising, he said that he would like some expert Chinese gardeners to go into partnership with him to work his land and supply the market with supplies of this sort. He mentioned the

great demand for garden truck at the mill and the mine.

The next witness was M. Finerty, farmer, who has been in this country since 1892. He told of his unsuccessful attempt at market gardening here, the failure being due to Chinese competition. He stated that in the early days the cheap labor was done by Indians, of whom there were four or five thousand, but they were "mowed down" by smallpox," which he stated was brought here by Chinese. He did not want to see the letter here at all.

The next witness was J. D. McNeven, secretary of the Trades and Labor Council, who submitted an epitome of the

Results of the Inquiry

initiated by the Trades and Labor Council by circular among the principal merchants and manufacturers of the city. All replies were submitted, amounting to sixty-five in all. The epitome was as follows:

1. Q.—Is there Chinese or Japanese competition in your line of business? A.—Yes, 25; no, 32; no answer, 8.

2. Q.—If so, to what extent? A.—In the tailoring and boot and shoe trades, market gardening, laundry and domestic work, and unskilled labor of all kinds to a large extent, and in numerous other trades and callings, to an extent which is difficult to determine.

3. Q.—Does such competition injure your business? A.—Yes, 23; no, 10; no answer, 32.

4. Q.—In what respect? A.—Primarily cheap labor and unfair competition.

5. Q.—To the best of your knowledge or information, what is the number of Chinese and Japanese engaged in your line of business? (It would appear from the answers to this question, that anything like accurate figures are not obtainable.)

6. Q.—Do you employ Chinese or Japanese, regularly? A.—Yes, 11; no, 52; no answer, 2.

7. Q.—If so, in what capacity? (Few answers, but principally laborers in saw and planing mills and as domestic servants.)

8. Q.—What is the average rate of pay and hours of labor of Chinese or Japanese in your employ? (Few answers; but those given average about \$1.10 per day of 10 hours.)

9. Q.—Do you employ white labor? A.—Yes, 58; no, 3; no answer, 4.

10. Q.—If so, in what capacity? A.—In nearly all branches of trade and industry represented in the city.

11. Q.—What is the rate of pay and hours of labor of white men in your employ? A.—The rate varies greatly, but the average would be about \$2.50 per day of 8 1/2 hours.

12. Q.—Would you prefer to employ white labor exclusively, whenever and wherever obtainable, if competing firms were compelled to do the same? A.—Yes, 52; no answer, 13.

13. Q.—Do Chinese or Japanese purchase your goods? A.—Yes, 33; no, 23; no answer, 9.

14. Q.—If so, to what extent? (The answers to this question would indicate to a small extent.)

15. Q.—Are you in favor of the Chinese or Japanese, after becoming naturalized, exercising the right of franchise? A.—Yes, 8; no, 50; no answer, 7.

16. Q.—If so, would you favor legislation which restricting the exercise of such right? A.—Yes, 53; no, 1; no answer, 11.

17. Q.—Are you in favor of greater restrictions being imposed on the manner of Chinese and Japanese subjects becoming naturalized? A.—Yes, 58; no answer, 7.

18. Q.—If so, in what respect? Majority answers—"Refuse them naturalization"; while a considerable number suggest educational tests.

19. Q.—Would you favor legislation denying this right? A.—Yes, 46; no, 5; no answer, 49.

20. Q.—Would you support legislation prohibiting the employment of Chinese and Japanese in the following industries, viz.: (a) Mining, coal, especially underground work? A.—Yes, 54; no, 2; no answer, 44. (b) Cannery work? A.—Yes, 58; no, 15. (c) All mining other than coal? A.—Yes, 48; no, 8. (d) On all works authorized to be done by the government, either Provincial or Dominion? A.—Yes, 56; no answer, 8.

21. Q.—Would you grant fishing licenses to Chinese or Japanese subjects even after being naturalized? A.—Yes, 13; no, 33; no answer, 19.

22. Q.—Are you in favor of legislation that will effectively prohibit Chinese and Japanese immigration into Canada? A.—Yes, 44; no, 6; no answer, 15.

23. Q.—What would you propose (briefly)? A.—15 suggests exclusion; 15 a prohibitory land tax; 2 restriction, and 5 the Natal Act; no answer, 28.

The next witness was Alex. Wilson, who stated that he thought that a great deal of evidence had been given through prejudice against and fear of the Chinese. He remembered when in 1890, "Trade was very dull at that time and the money expended by them in the purchase of such supplies as picks, boots, shovels, etc., created quite a boom and circulated a considerable amount of cash. These Chinese were preceded by a class of Canadians of whom the sobriquet was one, who received the sobriquet "North American Chinese," against whom the prejudice was as great as against the Chinese. They lived in cabins, having brought very little money with them, and worked very cheaply. They sent their money back to Canada for the sustenance of their aged parents and families, and he knew of some in 1890 who lived on ten cents per day.

The first lot of Chinese were followed by others in small detachments until the construction of the C. P. R., when several thousand came here. He had always found them first-class men, honest and industrious. Of course he had found rascals among them, as he had among white men. He did not think it desirable that the Chinese assimilate with white men, and he did not think the Chinese desired to. Very few of the Chinese came to remain permanently, but he pointed out that many Canadians who came here from the Maritime provinces came with the intention of ultimately returning to their homes. He favored

Unrestricted Immigration

of Chinese, and deemed it un-British to tax a man to keep him out of the country. If white men were so very keen on this question they should be prohibited from employing Chinese. He did not think the country would be better off if the Chinese were replaced by white men. The latter might spend more money in whiskey and perpetuate gambling more extensively, perhaps.

As to the comparative standards of living, he said he believed the Chinese were actuated similar to white men.

When they were in poverty they would live economically. There was no such distinction in this respect as to make them objectionable. The Chinese who came here filled places that there were not sufficient white men to occupy. He considered them desirable citizens until others could come to fill their places.

In reply to Commissioner Munn, he said the Canadians in the early days lived on ten cents per day, because they were short of means. He did not think this province had made slow progress in consideration of its position. If it was a couple of thousand miles away from the other side it would have advanced more rapidly. The Chinese gave value for their labor, and every man who cleared this country and puts it in condition for cultivation

Was An Advantage.

He could not say that this place would be better to live in without the Chinese.

In reply to Commissioner Foley, he said the Irish immigrants were objected to when they first came here, and called "filthy Irishmen," but some of their sons were the most distinguished men of the country. The prejudice against them was gone. He thought the prejudice against the Chinese would also eventually remove. He admitted that at present it was worse than ever before. Asked if it was advisable to bring about conditions leading to racial prejudice of this character, he replied that he thought at times it was necessary to bring a matter to a head.

In reply to the same question, he contended that the same sentiment was in the Chinese heart as in that of the white man—filial affection and regard for relatives. He admitted that he would.

Rather See His Own Countrymen Here.

As to domestic employment, he did not think the Chinese kept out white girls.

Lee Mong Kow, Chinese interpreter, employed by the customs department, was the next witness. He came from Hongkong in 1882. As to wives and families of Chinese being left in China, he said the merchants were bringing their wives here more generally now. The working classes were less inclined to bring their families. The reason was many of them stayed here with their families, and they preferred to come back here. They did not bring their wives, as conditions here were not settled yet, and they did not know if they would be allowed to remain. The average Chinaman expended about 75 per cent of his earnings in his own country. When they went back to China they were not satisfied with the conditions there. He had thought the six months from June, 1900, would have shown a marked increase in arrivals, owing to the tax being increased. He had been surprised, however, to find that the

Had Been a Falling Off.

and in the eleven years he had been with the customs department he had never seen such a falling off as in the past three months.

He thought if the tax was increased the immigration of Chinese would stop. If wages diminished to \$10. or \$15 per month, the Chinese would not come here, as they could earn more in Hongkong and America, and it cost but \$3 Mexican to go from Hongkong, and, besides, they could take their families with them.

He was further questioned by Commissioner Foley and Mr. Bradburn, after which the commission adjourned.

On the arrival at Cherbourg, France, yesterday, of the North German Lloyd steamer Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, Capt. Buegelhart, from New York, April 2nd, it was announced that three gold bars worth \$4,000, had been stolen during the voyage. All the baggage landed was examined with the utmost care by the customs officers and detectives, but the gold was not discovered.

Reassembling after the Easter recess, the Ontario legislature transacted a good deal of routine business yesterday, and gave an air of promise of concluding this week. The premier introduced a bill to extend duration of present legislation long enough into 1902 to enable session to be concluded next winter. The bill disposes of rumors of an early election.

The Odessa correspondent of the London Standard says that a report has been received there of serious political and religious disturbances in Tabris, North Persia.

"JUST LIKE PAPA."

Children Glad to Have Their Coffee Like the Parents.

More than any of the old folks realize, the little folks at the table like to have food and drink the same as Father and Mother.

Perhaps you can remember the time when a fork-full of the meat or potato or a sip from the cup that your Father or Mother was using seemed to possess some remarkable merit and flavor.

If children can be given a strong, nourishing food drink such as Postum Food Coffee it more than satisfies their desire for things like the older folks, and at the same time gives them a drink they love and fatten on.

A lady up in Oakes, N. D., says that since their family have been drinking Postum the children are stronger and better than ever before, and are so glad to think they can have coffee to drink "just like papa."

The husband and father was taken sick with a very severe attack of stomach trouble and had to give up work, being confined to the house for some weeks, suffering greatly. For some time he had been in the habit of drinking coffee for breakfast, and for dinner and supper. The wife writes, "After reading some of your advertisements I wondered if coffee and tea had not been the cause of his sickness."

We finally decided to have him quit tea and coffee and try Postum Food Coffee. He dates his recovery from the day he commenced to drink Postum, and has not had to stop work from sickness since then.

Some years ago I tried a package of Postum and did not like it, but I know now that it was because I did not make it right. It is easy to make good Postum. If the simple directions are followed, the only failure is when people do not boil it long enough.

Please do not publish my name. I am always ready to tell, however, of the merits of Postum. Name given by the Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., at Battle Creek, Mich.

# Preserve The Game

### Characteristic Letter From A Thorough Sportsman On A Timely Topic.

### Stop the Sale and the Depleting Process Will Be Speedily Arrested.

Bevo, Mr. Editor! If you are a Brit you are an honest one, and you may call me a fool in politics as often as you please, if you will only continue to support a commonsense game law. Perhaps we are all fools for being loyal to our respective parties, but there are worse things than fools. Utter selfishness is worse than folly, and the man who will not vote for "no sale of game and trout" because he wants to fill his aged and putrefactive stomach with that which the province wants (1) to give, namely, exercise to the young men and (2) amusement to the hard-worked ranchers, (3) meat to those who, as prospectors and farmers, live somewhat hardy at a distance from Government street, and (3) to induce white men of like tastes with ourselves to command settle amongst us, is a selfish glutton.

Every honest man will admit that (1) game and trout are more valuable for sport than for food, (2) that we cannot under existing conditions use them for both, except in so far as the sportsman uses what he takes for his own food, as a present to his friends; (3) that we cannot afford the enormous machinery which would be required to enforce all the details of a complete and possibly perfect game law, and that (4) therefore we require a simple law easy and inexpensively to enforce.

Therefore, having shot and fished all over the province, and having taken the trouble to learn what older and better sportsmen think about the matter, I am driven to the conclusion that although all British Columbia is my own province, and I could afford a keeper to every square mile of it, I would enact a law with a separate close time for almost every other bird in it. Still as things are we should do wisely to reduce our law to the simplest possible form—something indeed little more intricate than this:

1. No sale of game or trout.

2. No shooting between December 15th and September 1st, except in the case of wild fowl, which might be shot until March 1st.

3. No trout to be taken in rivers or lakes except with rod and line.

4. Ranchers, of course, to be allowed to shoot deer depasturing their crops.

Think for a moment. Could any conceivable body of wardens find out how many deer or birds our long-legged boys kill on any given day on this island alone? Could they detect the slayer of a willow grouse when he had an excuse for carrying a gun to kill blue grouse? But it would be comparatively easy to stop the sale of game and fish, most of which goes to the big cities, where the police already stop the sale, the game will have protection enough for many a year to come.

Let me give you an example of what I mean. I spent a day this week fly-fishing, and had capital sport trying to tempt the very river trout to my quite content with two, and they were more than enough for the eight people who dined at my table that night. Put the same day two Indians were round peddling steelheads caught with nets, and two squaws with trout caught in the same way, and the very river trout I had been fishing. Their loads showed how wholesale had been the destruction of their pot hunting methods.

Now, if you take away the right to sell, the Indians won't kill more than they want to eat, while the market hunters won't take the very river trout to camp with deer meat, in which case the miners and butchers of the district will both be better pleased, and no envy will be excited in the breasts of less fortunate people by the sight of a certain person travelling through the Sidney district daily with large bunches of grouse which have been given him. He is a very tall man and a very lean one, but surely he does not eat all these birds himself.

I do not propose to turn informer, and I deprecate the idea of tempting men to turn informers by giving them half the fine, but I could lay my hand on some rather flagrant offenders if I wanted to.

Stop the sale of game; pass a trespass law and get city men to ask permission before shooting over another man's farm; show the rancher all possible consideration and let him make of his very best game preserver, and a very courteous and kindly host to any stranger who is courteous to him, and even if a more perfect law might be framed, you will find the simple one suggested quite sufficient for all practical purposes.

Remember that even in measures well meant, if not very thoroughly considered, you may do more harm than good.

It is suggested, I believe, that we should spend money in importing game. At the risk of being laughed at for a crank, I believe this is wrong.

Take the pheasant, for instance. He is our great success as an imported bird. Well, is he? I say no. He does well here and swarms round this district, but the only way to shoot pheasants is to have them driven, as they do at home, so that, calling over the fence, they offer fair sporting shots. What is the fun of hitting a rising hawk in the tall, and for the sake of such sport (1) as this, the ranchers are grubbing at the damage the confounded Mongolian is doing to their crops, and (2) as they are driven, as they are driven, is driving the blue and willow grouse from their nests, and seriously decreasing the numbers of the willow grouse, which really test true shooting and beats the pheasant on the table, as he does in the field.

Forgive me this long letter, but I owe British Columbia a debt of gratitude for the sport I have had here, and I should like the younger men to have as much as I.

C. PHILLIPS-WOLLEY.

TO CURE THE GRIP IN TWO DAYS.

Lasative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause.

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All figures, all tastes and all pockets. The Royal Brand of Clothing differs from ordinary ready-made clothing in that it is made in three different proportions; to fit the slim, the stout and the normal figure

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# W. & J. WILSON, SOLE AGENTS FOR VICTORIA.

### THE LATTER DAY SAINTS.

To the Editor:—A newspaper, it seems to me, should have for its aim and purpose the extension of knowledge and the education of its readers. As this seemingly has been the mission of your paper in the past, I take courage in asking you to allow me through your columns to supply some information that I hope will tend to the correction of error and the uprooting of prejudice. No person can afford to harbor false ideas and retain information which tend to retard the progress of truth.

Coming to your city but recently, and having for my sole object the uplifting and encouragement of my fellow being, I find my actions hampered, owing to a prevailing impression that I am a representative of what is commonly called "Mormonism." To the ordinary individual that term at once suggests polygamy, Adam God worship and other kindred doctrines which I find it distasteful to God and all right thinking people. Now let me inform your readers that I am a representative of the re-organized Church of Jesus Christ of L. I. S., have no connection with that body of people (though bearing the same name), who hold and teach such pernicious doctrines. I am not responsible for the misdeeds of other men, neither is this church responsible for the domination of another body of people; nor should censure fall on us through the practices of Utah. From the inception of this church it has been strictly monogamic, and its claims as such have been proven before the Supreme court of Ohio, and also that of Canada. True, we believe in the book of Mormon, but its position on polygamy is quite clear, let me quote: "Wherefore, my brethren, hear me and hearken to the word of the Lord: for there shall not any man among you have save it be one wife, and concubines he shall have none, for I, the Lord God, delighteth in the chastity of women. And whoredoms are an abomination before Me saith the Lord of Hosts, Jacob 2: 6-9."

This church was organized in 1830 by Joseph Smith, and up till 1844, when he was killed by a mob, its teachings and tenets were free from the reproach attached to polygamy, spiritual wifery, etc. But at the death of the prophet, Brigham Young succeeded in gaining control of about 10,000, emigrated to Utah, and in 1852 instituted the practice for which we are blamed.

The head of this church, Joseph Smith, lives at Lamoni, Iowa. I myself came from Ontario, and have never seen Salt Lake City.

ALEX. McMULLEN.

### ECONOMY, OR WHAT?

To the Editor:—A petition is being circulated throughout Sooke and Metochin, praying the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to appoint a well known resident of Colwood superintendent of the road work. The ostensible object of the petitioners is economy, but to my mind, it seems a well concerted scheme to break up the present system and restore the old regime with all its favoritism and partiality. The salary attached to such a position, I understand, is \$4 per day, and the duties consist in driving around the country in style and "superintending" the district road foremen who, by virtue of their office, are supposed to be competent to perform their work economically and well. The appointment of a road foreman for each district is annually entrusted to the local taxpayers, who are naturally most interested in the management of road work; and the appointment of a local farmer as superintendent of the road foremen would be little short of an insult. The road work of this district was never done in a more satisfactory manner than last year, and it appears to me that the men, who signed the petition (many of whom have already seen the mistake of doing so) lost sight of the fact that the salary of some \$1,200 a year would go a long way towards the further improvement of the roads. Moreover, the government has already appointed a practical engineer to superintend the construction of our roads, therefore, let well alone. The resident of Colwood who aspires to the honorable and lucrative position is not the only farmer in the community who would prefer a fat government billet to scratching the soil for a living; and I trust when the petition with its score of humble signatures

reaches the office of the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, he will consign it to the waste paper basket, to which it belongs.

"METCHOSIN." April 9, 1901.

NEILL COMPANY TO-NIGHT.

Fascinating Play of "Ellen Gwynn" Will Hold Boards at Victoria Theatre.

Mr. James Neill and the famous Neill company will open a two nights' engagement in the Victoria theatre to-night in "Ellen Gwynn." To-morrow evening the engagement will close with "A Social Highwayman." "Ellen Gwynn" is a play of the time of 1697, when Charles Stuart was King of England, and pretty, witty Nell Gwynne was the entrancing and dashing favorite of Charles' court. They will present us with the very latest and, according to Eastern critics, greatest version, "Ellen Gwynn of the King's Playhouse," was especially adapted for the Neill company by one who knew their full artistic measure, and is said to have fitted them to a nicety. That charming actress and splendid woman, Miss Elythe Chapman, will be seen in the role of Nell. In Charles there was a King whose chief aim in life seemed to be amusement. He had lived while in exile upon a footing of equality with his banished nobles, and had partaken freely in the pleasures and frolics by which they had endeavored to sweeten adversity. Therefore when he ascended the throne he came to it with all the reckless abandon and good good countenance that his past life had engendered.

A PLEASING ORGAN RECITAL.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church Will Filled on Occasion of G. J. Burnett's Concert.

With song, violin and organ music the large assemblage in the St. Andrew's Presbyterian church last evening were entertained to some of the best of the musical art. The occasion, that of the organ recital of Geo. J. Burnett, the popular organist of the church, was not altogether carried out according to announcement, as owing to the indisposition of the Misses Logrin, who were down for a duet, the programme had to be altered. Mrs. Burnett sang twice during the evening, her first piece being "Hallelujah." "I Know that My Redeemer Liveth," and her second "Abide With Me," a composition of Mr. Burnett's which has been very favorably commented on in both English and Canadian musical circles. Both were sung in admirable taste, the soft, flexible and sympathetic soprano of the lady vocalist being splendidly suited to the music. Mrs. Burnett sings with a grace and an ease that add charm to her voice. For a violin number Benedict Bantly played a classical selection very creditably. He did not, however, appear in his best fettle, and did not therefore play to the same advantage that he has on former occasions. The balance of the programme fell to Mr. Burnett, who played in his usual inimitable style, which is the style which seldom falls to fill the church on the occasion of a recital. The organ appeared to be in good tone, and in Mr. Burnett's choice of programme, including some selections which he is invariably requested to play, he had good scope to bring out the full beauties of the instrument. One of these special numbers was "The Storm Fantasia," which was to many the gem of the evening.



# All Ready

The new wheels are here. Are you ready for them? The season is just ahead when wheeling is the greatest delight. We know you'll like the movement and finish of the

IVER JOHNSON, TRIUMPH, OR GENDRON, 1901 MOUNTS,

and you should be ready for the season when it opens.

We also have the largest line of sundries and best repair shop in the city.

B.C. Cycle and Supply Co.

26 GOVERNMENT STREET.

# Hotel Balmoral

Douglas St., Between View and Fort Sts.

Convenient to Business Centre.

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT.

Refurnished and remodelled with all modern improvements. Cuisine and table service will be found unsurpassed. Large sample rooms for commercial men.

W. J. G. WHITE, PROPRIETRESS.

# Easter Flowers.

Hyacinths, Calla Lilies, Narcissus, Daffodils, Tulips, Carnations and Roses, at the

ROYAL FLORAL NURSERY,

WM. DODDS,

207 FORT STREET.

# REMOVAL NOTICE.

J. RENOUF,

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co. LIMITED. Supply from their Mainland, Southland and Protection Island Collieries. Steam Coal. Double Screened Lump, Best of the Mine, Washed Nuts and Screenings.

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A "SERVILE" CLASS.

There are evidently a considerable number of people in and around Victoria who think the presence of a servile class for the performance of menial labor is a necessity in this community. Some say, and others apparently think, that the noxious portion of humanity here, like the patricians of Greece and Rome in ancient times, are enabled to more effectively attend to the higher duties of life; to think loftier thoughts and to soar to sublime heights generally, when they have serfs, slaves or menials to wait upon them and attend to the wants of their lower nature.

We do not agree with the cynic who avers that the effect of the presence of a large white population in British Columbia would be an increased consumption of whisky. There are always a certain few people in the world who have nothing but contempt for their own kind. Perhaps it is deserved. The lives of men in general, we suppose, are not altogether lovely. What we cannot understand is the dogmatic assertion that Chinese are a necessity in British Columbia. The captain of a ship says he cannot obtain a white cook that will give him satisfaction, and that is taken as proof that the services of the servile classes are indispensable. It does not seem to have occurred to any one that the captain may have been a trifle unreasonable in his requirements. White men, it gives us pleasure to state, are self-respecting as a general thing. Therein lies their superiority to the colored races and the secret of their dominance of the world to-day. Even ministers of religion sometimes forget that the injunction to do unto others, etc., applies to the treatment of those whom they hire to wait upon them as well as to those in their own "station in life," and it is not to be wondered at if, with the traditions of serfdom men thoroughly ingrained in his nature, a captain treats his cook in such a manner as none but Orientals will submit to. It must not be forgotten that on the northern as well as on the southern portion of this continent all men are born free and equal (even captains and their cooks) as regards their relationship to their fellows, and that a good deal of snobbery and no sense must be cast into the furnace before a proper adjustment is possible.

The farmer says he must have cheap labor in order to clear his land and work economically that which he already has cleared. Probably the farmers and the shoemakers said the same until the Chinese became ambitious and entered into competition with them as merchants as

well as workmen. There is no farmer in the neighborhood of Victoria that can compete with the Orientals in the special line of agriculture to which they give their attention. Australia is said to be the wealthiest country in the world to-day per head of population. Its people are almost entirely British or of British origin. There was no doubt a great demand for a servile class there to perform the menial labor there was so abundant. The Chinese were eager to go in and assist in the opening up and development of Australia, but the white men had sufficient foresight to perceive what the ultimate result would be and promptly erected barriers that are exceedingly difficult to scale. As the United States with its seventy millions of a population there should be abundance of room for a servile class. But they do not want them, and they do not appear to have suffered in any way from Chinese exclusion. British Columbia is no more prosperous than the state of Washington, although our resources are infinitely greater. Why is it that our progress is not more rapid? The Crow's Nest Coal Company does not employ Chinese around its mines in any capacity. Yet it is compelled by law to sell its products at \$2 per ton free on board cars at the pit mouth. Why is it that the yellow men are an economic necessity in the coal mines of Vancouver Island? Our climate is the finest in the world. What is the reason white men will not come here? It must be because they cannot and will not demean themselves by entering into competition with Chinese. It is all nonsense to say men will not come here to do menial work. What is menial work? Men will come here and perform any kind of labor if the wages are better and the conditions generally more favorable than they are in other parts of the world. But for the presence of the Orientals British Columbia would be the land of promise for all sorts and conditions of people. Its natural wealth is such as to enable good wages to be paid. Any industry which will only yield such returns as will justify the employment of Chinamen is of little material benefit to the community, and might as well be abandoned anyway. There are thousands upon thousands of people living in the East and in Great Britain who are making little headway in life because of the keenness of competition. They would come here, but their friends cannot conscientiously advise them to do so. Few of the gentlemen who gave evidence before the Chinese Commission which has just finished its labor but admitted that it would be well for the province as a whole if the Oriental element could be eliminated gradually. Personal selfishness is the only obstacle that stands in the way. A great many of us would for a time be placed at considerable inconvenience if the whole were deported to-morrow, but it would be a blessing for the community as a whole. There would be such an influx of whites as would immediately place wages on the same standard as in Washington and other western ports.

papers of the baser sort as well as journals of the higher class have a considerable circulation in all parts of the Dominion. Such food is not the stuff upon which to rear healthy Britons. The old fellows are all right, but the young ones have neither the experience nor the flesh which bid their fathers to the old land. Give them reliable news from Great Britain, Australia and all the colonies and excite as effectively as possible the lying-rubbish which, absurd though it appears to us, has an influence upon the minds of the rising generation of Canada. Our neighbors are an enterprising people and they have a great country, but Canadians have no desire to join them now, nor will they ever have if they are brought up with a true conception of the resources and might and a knowledge of the history of the great Empire of which it is their privilege to be a part.

It is claimed by the Colonist that the Chinese are a temporary necessity to give the province a start in business, we suppose. Our contemporary reminds us of its friends the Tories and the N. P. The National Policy was necessary twenty years ago to enable manufacturers to lay the foundations of their factories in Canada. The structures have not been completed yet and never will be. The same arguments were used by protectionists in the United States. The combines and trusts are still in their infancy there. To some people in British Columbia the Chinese will always be a necessity. They will never be able to get along without them.

Nicholas Flood Darwin has been forced to descend from the "higher" duties of a Parliamentarian to "menial" work in the press gallery. It is a pity there is no way of compelling him to "take down" some of his own speeches. It is also regrettable that nearly all the long-winded orators disappeared from the House at the same time as the late member for Pile of Bones. Before he fell upon evil days and among bad companions Nick was a good man. He used to write for the Globe in the days of George Brown. That is strong enough proof that Darwin was all right before he took to poetry and Toryism.

A correspondent calls attention to the shooting of hooting grouse around Shawnigan lake and other parts of the country near Victoria. He desires to be informed if there is no game law on the statute books, and if there be, are there no officers to enforce it. There is a game law, but in regard to the machinery for its enforcement we know nothing. Perhaps some of our sporting friends can enlighten him. One thing is clear: A year or two more of the present conditions and there will be no game to preserve.

Capt. Wolley is as sound on the game question as he is upon the Mongolian problem. The letter which we publish to-day should carry great weight with the Legislature. The sportsmen should reprint and circulate it among the members. The Captain claims to speak from a disinterested point of view, being a diletante now, but at one time a mighty hunter. We are not so sure, though. We shrewdly suspect he will lay many a swiftly ducking "willow" low yet, and sincerely hope he may many times be an unsuccessful Tory candidate.

Kingcraft is not a popular trade in the continental countries of Europe at the present time. Neither are presidents nor rulers of any kind for that matter. The Czar could not be blamed very much if he preferred living on a private income, which must be considerable, to dwelling in pomp with bombs and all sorts of implements of destruction flying around and all the good things of life regarded with suspicion because of the poison habit which has so long been prevalent in courts.

Russia is pointing the finger of scorn at the nations already. Which of them will undertake to drive her from Manchuria?

What a superior people we are here! We cannot get along without a menial class to wait upon us!

AN ABSENT-MINDED PROFESSOR. Toronto News. Toronto University has a professor who is noted for his absent-mindedness and his love for old clothes. The former keeps his family on tenterhooks; lest in a moment of forgetfulness he should appear in public minus some important part of his apparel. A short time ago perhaps in a fit of absent-mindedness he broke through this rule regarding old clothes, and purchased a pair of new, stylish trousers, coarse and all. He took them home, put them on, and went over to Varsity, leaving the old ones hanging over the back of a chair in his room.

A short time after his wife came in, saw the rejected gaiters, and gasped with horror. A minute after the janitor at Varsity heard his telephone bell ring, and in answering received the following message: "This is Mrs. speaking. Please go into the lecture-room and see if Professor has his trousers on."

SAVE MONEY BY INSURING IN THE OTTAWA FIRE INS. CO. At Equitable Rates. The only Independent Co. in Victoria. E. C. B. BAGSHAW, GENERAL AGENT. FOR SALE: Paris-A bargain; near Alberni, on Sprout Lake, 100 acres; good house; all fenced; price \$500. Two well improved farms in the Cowichan District.

GET YOUR Lawn Mowers Ground. We have machine manufactured especially for MOWER GRINDING. Garden tools repaired and sharpened. Work called for and delivered. J. WAITES, 68 FORT STREET.

TWO ROADS IN PHOTOGRAPHY. There are two distinct roads in photography—the utilitarian and the aesthetic, the goal of the one being a record of facts, and of the other an expression of beauty. They run parallel to each other, and many cross paths connect them. Examples of utilitarian photographs are those of machinery, of buildings and engineering works, of war scenes and daily incidents used in illustrated papers, of a large majority of the views taken by tourists, and of the greater number of portraits. In all these the operator relies upon the excellence of his camera, and in developing and printing aims primarily at exact definition. Examples of the intermediate class are photographs of paintings, sculpture and architecture, which, while first of all useful as records of works of art, are treated with so much skill and feeling for the beauty of the originals that they have an independent value as being themselves things of beauty. Pre-eminent in this class is the portrait, which gives a truthful record of the individual's characteristics, at the same time being so handsome as a picture that we enjoy it apart from any consideration of its being a good likeness. Lastly, there is the photograph whose motive is purely aesthetic; to be beautiful, it will record facts, but not as facts; it will ignore facts if they interfere with the composition that is kept in view; just as Corot in his painting, certainly recorded the phenomenon of morning and twilight skies, and just as certainly left out a number of facts which must have confronted him as he sat before the scene, his object being not to get at facts, but to express the emotions with which the facts affected him.—Charles H. Coffin in Everybody's Magazine.

CHANGES IN THE MAP. Why, where is Patagonia? was the astonished query recently put to me by an old schoolmate, as, carelessly, turning the leaves of his little son's geography, he suddenly came upon a recent map of South America. "The boundaries which we boys had once regarded as 'unchangeable' had changed; and the map, which the vital impression of youth had engraved firmly upon our memory, was no longer in existence. The experience of my friend, a man of considerable intelligence, is not an isolated instance. The rapidity of our geographical progress within the last decade has rendered it extremely difficult for the layman to follow the course of events. In 1825, three great continents were practically unexplored. Australia, or New Holland, it was then called, was nothing more than a terra incognita—a mere geographical idea; the vast expanse of Africa—with the exception of the Mediterranean region and the little settlement at the Cape—was still the land of wonder and conjecture, as it had been in the days of the Romans; while Central Asia, with its millions of inhabitable, was effectively closed to Europeans. In the south, Nature had reared her mighty barrier, the Himalayas; and in the east we had China immured, both in a literal and figurative sense, within that gigantic wall of excitement which seemed designed to serve forever from the prying gaze of the civilized world the sacred and inviolable 'Empire of the Sun.'—From 'The Transformation of the Map,' by Joseph Sohn, in Scribner's.

THERE IS ONLY ONE Permanent Cure for Catarrh. That is What a Well-Known Toronto Gentleman Says About Japanese Catarrh Cure. Mr. John Sloan, 78 McGill St., Toronto, writes: "I have had catarrh in the most disagreeable form for years; have at times got remedies which would relieve me, but nothing to cure me completely, until I tried Japanese Catarrh Cure. From the very first I gave me much relief, and every day I showed a marked improvement. I used in all six boxes, and it has completely cured me. It certainly does all claimed for it, which I cannot say of scores of other remedies tried, and I feel it my duty to attest my appreciation of anything so worthy."

WE SHOULD BE IN ON THIS. St. John Telegraph. Carnegie might remember St. John, as this city is more Scotch than either Vancouver or Ottawa. But we are forced to admit that the latter cities use more Scotch.

WONDER WHERE THIS PLACE IS? Ottawa Citizen. A Western city has just appointed a medical health officer at a salary of \$1,000 per annum. Of course he is a qualified medical practitioner. His duties as outlined in the by-law appointing him cover twelve clauses. Here are a few of them: He will discharge duties as required by the health act; devote his whole time to his duties; attend the inmates of the jail and poor house, also the indigent-poor and any negro or police injured. In discharge of his duty, vaccinate the poor; attend all meetings of the board of health, and superintend the sanitary inspectors. His office hours will be 9 to 12 and 2 to 5. For this work the salary will be the munificent sum of \$1,000, and an attempt was made to cut it down to \$800 on the old argument that numbers of good men would take it at that figure, which was proved by the applications for the position at \$800. The medical profession must be overgrown with doctors who undertake such a catalogue of work for less than the wages of a good mechanic.

2 Star Flour PER SACK, 90C. "As good as whole wheat Flour," so say those who have used it. Hardress Clarke, 86 Douglas Street.

Walter S. Fraser & Co., Ltd. DEALERS IN HARDWARE. Iron, Steel, Pipe, Fittings, and Brass Goods, Building, Mining and Logging Supplies a Specialty. Lawn Mowers, Hose and Garden Tools. Telephone, 8 P. O. Box, 426. Wharf St. Victoria, B. C.

SPENCER'S Shoe Department "QUEEN QUALITY" Nine New Styles Shown To-Day-See Windows. Ladies' Fashionable Patent Toe Cap Lace Boot. Price...\$3.75. Ladies' Kibo Kid, Plain Toe, Cap, New Lace Boot. Price...\$3.75. Ladies' Kid Tip Lace Boot, light weight. Price...\$3.75. Ladies' Hand Sewed Kid Tip Lace Boot, strong sole. Price...\$3.75. Ladies' Heavy Lace Walking Boot, double sole. Price...\$3.75. A special button boot for stout women, made of soft Kibo Kid; a roomy boot, but, when on, a slightly shape. Price...\$3.75. Ladies' Oxford, patent toe, a dressy summer shoe. Price...\$3.00. Ladies' Kibo Tan Oxford, strong sole, a good walking shoe. Price...\$3.00.

Whitewear Department SHOWN TO-DAY NEW BLOUSES. Fancy Pique Blouses, embroidered figures, trimmed two rows of insertion. Price...\$2.00. A Plain Print Shiraz Waist, made of best prints, in spots and stripes, with linen collars; all sizes. Price...\$1.75.

Thursday's Specials. 125 White Cotton Blankets, small sizes for cots; regular 25c. Thursday...\$1.50. 100 White Cotton Blankets, large size; regular \$1.25. Thursday...\$1.00. 100 Extra Heavy Cotton Blankets, full size; regular \$1.65. Thursday...\$1.25. We show for Thursday 100 Silk Blouses, several different patterns. Price...\$2.75.

Furniture Department. New Sideboards, Dressing Tables, Hall Pieces, Dining Tables, Parlor Sets, Lounges, Bureaus. All sorts of Furniture recovered in the Upholstery Department. We show to-day 200 pieces of Linoleums, 6-4 and 12-4, at 40c., 50c., 60c. a square yard. Our Floor Cloth and Linoleum stock takes up about a quarter of our large premises. Showrooms on Broad Street.

Men's Furnishing Department. New Shapes in Men's Soft and Stiff Hats...\$2.00 and \$2.50. Several new lines to-day of Men's Fancy-Colored Shirts. Price...75c., \$1, \$1.25. New Soft Shirts, Fancy Silk Stripes and Checks, Collar Attached...50c., 75c., \$1.00, \$1.25.

Not Sold Anywhere Else. There's only one post office in this town and only one Slater Shoe Agency. You can't buy "Slater Shoes" from any other dealer here. The manufacturer makes this rule so that they can keep tab on their different agents and always have their selections up to the times. All "Slater Shoes" are Goodyear Welted, perfectly smooth inside, no tacks, lumps or threads under the foot. To be a genuine "Slater" the sole must be stamped with the makers' trade mark, a slate frame with name and price. \$5.50 and \$4.00.

Trout Fishing. Rods, Reels, Lines, Baskets, fine Scotch Casts and Flies, Fly Books and Tackle Cases, Landing Nets, etc. See our line of rods, at 78 GOVERNMENT STREET. FOX'S A GIANT INDUSTRY.

VICTORIA THEATRE. TWO NIGHTS ONLY. Wednesday and Thursday, April 10 and 11. MR. JAMES NEILL. And the incomparable NEILL COMPANY. WEDNESDAY. "ELLEN GWYN" THURSDAY. "A SOCIAL HIGHWAYMAN" Prices, \$1.00, 75c., 50c. and 25c. Seats on sale at the Victoria Book & Stationery Store, Monday morning.

THE BEST REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM. Quick Relief From Pain. All who use Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism are delighted with the quick relief from pain which it affords. When speaking of this Mr. D. N. Sinks, of Troy, Ohio, says: "Some time ago I had a severe attack of rheumatism in my arm and shoulder. I tried numerous remedies but got no relief until I was recommended by Messrs. Geo. F. Parsons & Co., druggists, of this place, to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm. They recommended it so highly that I bought a bottle. I was soon relieved of all pain. I have since recommended this liniment to many of my friends, who agree with me that it is the best remedy for muscular rheumatism in the market." For sale by Henderson Bros., wholesale agents. At Brandon yesterday Judge Cumberland sentenced John Jorgensen to two years and three months' imprisonment for having burglar tools in his possession. George Colling was given four years for shop-breaking.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. A very large assortment of health rugs from \$1.25 to \$14 each can be seen to advantage on Weller Bros' carpet floor.

**A DROP**  
You May Consider Our  
**Tonic Hypophosphites**  
As "only a drop in the bucket," yet it may prove the "ounce of prevention" that is better than the "pound of cure."  
Try it as a Spring Tonic  
\$1.00 PER BOTTLE.  
**Cyrus H. Bowes,**  
CHEMIST  
98 GOVERNMENT ST. NEAR YATES ST.  
OPEN ALL THE TIME.

**"THE STERLING"**  
HAS REMOVED TO  
**39 GOVERNMENT STREET**  
WITH A COMPLETE LINE OF  
**Dry Goods.**

**WEATHER BULLETIN.**  
Daily Report Furnished by the Victoria Meteorological Department.  
Victoria, April 10—5 a.m.—The barometer is comparatively low over the northern portion of the province, but remains abnormally high throughout the Pacific Northwest. The rainfall, which is light, is confined to the district bordering on the straits, elsewhere the weather is nearly all stations from the Pacific to the lakes is clear, with higher temperatures on the Coast, and only a few degrees of frost in the Northwest Territories. Light night frosts are reported from the higher levels of Oregon.  
Forecasts.  
For 24 hours ending 5 p.m. Thursday, Victoria and vicinity—Light to moderate easterly winds, mostly cloudy with showers, not much change in temperature.  
Lower Mainland—Light to moderate easterly winds, cloudy and warm, with rain.  
Reports.  
Victoria—Barometer, 30.30; temperature, 47; minimum, 47; wind, 4 miles N.E.; rain, .46; weather, cloudy.  
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**A GOOD THING**  
**Transparent Glycerine Soap.**  
A handful for 10c.; a box full for a quarter. See window display.  
F. W. FAWCETT & CO.,  
Chemists, 49 Government St.  
The Seaman's Institute, through their manager, acknowledges the receipt of reading matter during the month of March from the following: Miss M. V. Foll, Mrs. Geo. Gillespie, Mrs. F. G. Malpas, Miss Howard, the Bishop of Columbia, Mr. Beckwith, Mr. W. Langley, Mr. H. Burnett, Mr. J. C. M. Keith, Mr. Jessie Walsh, Mr. Greenwood, Mr. A. H. Ridman, Times and Colonist, daily papers, and Miss Goward for the pretty floral decorations.

**Do You Bake Good Bread**  
If not, it might be the fault of the flour. Excelsior Hungarian is pronounced the best bread flour on the market by expert bakers. Sold only by us. We have a few tons of Early Rose Seed Potatoes from Ashcroft left. Secure what you want before they are all gone.  
**JOHNS BROS.**  
259 Douglas Street.  
**THE WILY CHINESE.**  
Difficulty in the Way of Enforcing the Wash House By-Law Exemplified.  
The first cases under the new Wash House By-Law came up for hearing before Police Magistrate Hall this morning in the city police court. The results were not very satisfactory, and went to show how difficult it is to convict a Chinaman under its provisions, and also to show the adaptability of the Oriental for trickery.  
The case of Clay Yu was the first one called. S. W. Schultz appeared for the owner of the wash house, where the accused was alleged to work. The summons was served at the house after the accused left on the Amur, where he is employed. Chief Langley consented to withdraw the case under the circumstances, as it was impossible to proceed.  
Quong Wing was the next case called. Higgins appeared for the defendant.  
Chief Langley testified to having seen the accused in Quong Hing's laundry on Port street on the evening of the 29th of March, about 9.15. The accused was in the process of ironing what appeared to be a white shirt, spouting water from his mouth instead of sprinkling. He was dressed in white clothes like the other employees, and had a table to himself. The chief's evidence was very clear in the matter, but Quong Hing, the proprietor, spoiled it all by testifying that the accused did not work for him, but was a cook over the Bay, who sometimes came in to his place as a personal friend and laundered his own clothes. The instructions issued by the police under the Wash House By-Law regarding spouting were carried out by his employees. On the ground that the man was not an employee of the wash house the case was dismissed.  
The last case proved to be the most amusing. Ah Lim was the man charged with violating the by-law. Frank Higgins said he appeared for Ah Lung, the proprietor of the laundry on Humboldt street, who had been served with the summons to appear.  
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The remains of the late James Cash were shipped last evening from the Hanna Parlors for interment at New Westminster.  
You will find it in the B. C. Guide; 5c per copy, 50c per year, in all book stores in B. C.

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**Bargain**  
Two six roomed houses in James Bay, near car line, \$1,500 each. Apply to  
**SWINERTON & ODDY,**  
106 GOVERNMENT STREET.

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**Good Butter** 25c lb  
**Tomato Ketchup** 20c bottle  
**Rolled Oats** 30c sack  
**Knox's Gelatine** 2 pkgs. 25c  
**E. B. JONES,**  
Family Grocer,  
CORNER COOK AND N. PARK STREETS.

**EASTER SPECIALTIES**  
We have the finest line of Chocolates and Fancy Candies in the City. The celebrated "G. B.'s" and other numerous lines. Everything of the freshest. Call and see our corner.  
**ERSKINE, WALL & CO.,**  
Leading Grocers.

**WE WANT**  
To fill your prescriptions. Our dispensing department is complete, our drugs pure and fresh.  
**HALL & CO.,**  
DISPENSING CHEMISTS,  
Clarence Block, Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.  
**NOVEL MACHINE.**  
Combined X Ray and Therapeutic Contrivance Received in the City.  
A new and somewhat unique product of mechanical genius has been received by Dr. Ernest Hall in the shape of an influence and X ray appliance, which has just arrived from the manufacturers in Chicago. It is called the "Bierman influence and X ray machine," and possesses many advantages over similar appliances now in use, among which are effective mechanical construction and reliability.  
It generates its own current for both therapeutic and X ray purposes. It is massive in construction, being of solid-quarter sawed oak, 6 feet 6 inches high, 5 feet in length, and 2 feet 7 inches wide, with piano finish. The machine construction is of solid brass. The plates are of tested glass twenty-seven and thirty inches in diameter, and put through a process rendering them capable of from three hundred to four hundred revolutions per minute without danger. It has six large brass balls at the front for intensifying the current, and two sets of Leyden jars set in metal cups.  
The machine is self charging and not susceptible to weather conditions. It is always ready for work and not dependent upon any outside electric current. It throws a spark of from twelve to sixteen inches of great intensity and thickness.  
It is furnished with all the necessary incidentals, and complete is probably the first contrivance of its description shipped west of the Rockies. It has a maximum voltage of a million and half.

**THE LODGES.**  
Far West lodge, K. of P., held a very enjoyable social last evening. There was a large attendance, and the City Band supplied dancing music for the occasion. A splendid repast was served shortly before midnight, after which dancing was resumed, and kept up until the small hours of the morning. All present spent a very enjoyable evening.  
Court Northern Light, A. O. F., will hold their regular meeting this evening, when business of importance will come up for discussion.  
The Victoria and Far West lodges, K. of P., will hold their regular meetings to-morrow and Friday evenings, respectively. Members of the lodges are requested to be present at the meetings.  
**CAUGHT A DREADFUL COLD.**  
Marion Kooke, manager for T. M. Thompson, a large importer of fine millinery at 1658 Milwaukee avenue, Chicago, says: "During the late severe weather I caught a dreadful cold which kept me awake at night and made me unfit to attend my work during the day. One of my milliners was taking Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for a severe cold at that time, which seemed to relieve her so quickly that I bought some for myself. It acted like magic and I began to improve at once. I am now entirely well and feel very pleased to acknowledge its merits." For sale by Henderson Bros., Wholesale Agents.  
Rev. Mr. Barraclough officiated at the funeral of the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Low Gooby, of Alfred street, which took place this afternoon.  
The bill providing for the expenditure of \$20,000,000 for the improvement of the canal system of the state was ordered to a third reading in the New York senate yesterday without debate.

**A SNAP**  
About 40 Black Worsted Morning Coats and Vests  
Regular price \$10.00 and \$12.00. We are clearing the lot at  
**\$6.00 and \$8.50**  
Just think, \$6.00 for a coat and vest, fit and finish guaranteed. You will pay \$12.00 for the same goods elsewhere. This is a rare opportunity for people with slim purses. Ladies, bring your husbands along and dress them up.  
**McCandless Bros.**  
37 Johnson St.

**A Becoming Hat**  
Your New Hat for Spring should be selected with due consideration for style and quality. The same style cannot be becomingly fitted to every head. We have so many good styles among our hat stock that you cannot help being suited here. You need not pay an extravagant price to get a reliable quality.  
**\$2.00, \$3.00, \$3.50.**  
**Geo. R. Jackson,**  
Hatter, Furnisher and Tailor

**Sporting News**  
**THE KENNEL.**  
SHOW OPENS TO-DAY.  
The bench show of the Seattle Kennel Club opened to-day in the Armory. The Victoria kennels are well represented.  
**THE TURF.**  
**WARWICK MEETING.**  
(Associated Press.)  
London, April 10.—At the first day of Warwick Club's spring meeting to-day, the Warwick Welter Handicap of 200 sovereigns was won by Methoson, with Lester Beil up.  
**HANDBALL.**  
J. B. A. A. TOURNAMENT.  
The J. B. A. A. handball tournament is now almost completed. One of the finals was played last week between Hart and Wollaston, in which Hart won. Next Saturday afternoon the final game will be played between Hart and Pettigale.

**A TESTIMONIAL FROM OLD ENGLAND.**  
"I consider Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the best in the world for bronchitis," says Mr. William Savory, of Warrington, England. "It has saved my wife's life, she having been a martyr to bronchitis for over six years, being most of the time confined to her bed. She is now quite well." Sold by Henderson Bros., wholesale agents.

**LIPTON'S "FINEST" BACON**  
**ARMOUR'S "STAR" HAM**  
TO BE HAD FROM  
**Watson & Hall,**  
FAMILY GROCERS,  
55 YATES ST.

**Best Double Screened Household Coal**  
\$6.50 Per Ton Delivered. Weight Guaranteed.  
**HALL & WALKER,**  
106 Government St. Phone 23.  
**F. R. STEWART & CO.,**  
WHOLESALE FRUIT AND PROVISION MERCHANTS  
49 Yates Street, Victoria, B. C.  
**Leary Coal**  
\$6.00 PER TON.  
DRY CORD WOOD \$3.50 per Cord  
SPLendid BARKS \$4.00 per Cord  
**J. BAKER & CO.,**  
Phone 407. 33 Belleville Street.  
Nothing improves the appearance of a room so much as nice lace curtains or dainty window muslins. Weller Bros. have their "new goods" opened up.

**THE WESTSIDE**  
VICTORIA'S GREATEST DRY GOODS STORE ..... 10th April, 1901  
Concerning a Shipment of  
**NOVELTIES IN COSTUMES**

OUR NEW YORK AGENT, who is constantly on the watch for bright new styles in Costumes, has just sent us two Cases of very charming novelties, magnificently made and trimmed, smart and distinguished in cut, moderately priced. The arrival of such a cavalcade of New Beauties will take precedence in our Mantle Salon to-morrow, and we extend a cordial invitation for Ladies to come and see them.  
**Prices: \$18.00, \$25.00, \$30.00, to \$42.00.**

**THE HUTCHESON CO., LTD., VICTORIA.**  
**We See Evidence**  
Every day that THE SAUNDERS GROCERY CO. is the place to buy groceries. IT'S VICTORIA'S LARGEST GROCERY STORE. Buy your groceries at The Saunders Grocery Co. and save money. We quote this week:  
**CHEESE**  
CANADIAN NO. 1, 3 lbs. 50c.  
CANADIAN NO. 2, 3 lbs. 45c.  
BRISBANE, 3 lbs. 50c.  
LIMBURGER, 3 lbs. 40c.  
YOUNG AMERICA, 3 lbs. 50c.  
CALIFORNIA, 3 lbs. 50c.  
SWISS NO. 1, 3 lbs. 50c.  
Always on hand, Wellington, Delta, or Eden Bank Butter; also Lipton's and Armour's Hams and Bacon.  
**The Saunders Grocery Co., Ltd.,**  
39 AND 41 JOHNSON STREET.

**Stylish Millinery**  
Also a large variety of  
**New and Fancy Novelties For Spring**  
At  
**Stevens & Jenkins,**  
84 DOUGLAS STREET.  
**A Carload Of Gerhard Heintzman Pianos**  
Just arrived, via C. P. R. and E. & N. railway. All the latest styles and woods, including oak, mahogany and burr walnut.  
CALL AND INSPECT THEM.  
**Fletcher Bros.,**  
MUSIC DEALERS,  
33 GOVERNMENT STREET.

**Millinery Opening**  
Wednesday, March 27th  
AND FOLLOWING DAYS.  
**Mrs. W. Bickford,**  
61 AND 63 FORT STREET.

**FLY FISHING Lakeside Hotel,**  
Cowichan Lake.  
This well known resort will open for the season on April 1st.  
Stage leaves Duncan Monday, Wednesday and Friday.  
Special return tickets issued by the E. & N. Railway, good for 15 days, \$5.00.  
PRICE BROS., Props.





